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Hsin-hua T'ung-hsun She Tien-hsun.

CHINESE EXCEED 1952 COAL PRODUCTION QUOTA BY MORE THAN 2 MILLION TONS

Peiping, 31 December (Hsin-hua) -- China's state-operated coal mines exceeded the 1952 coal production quota by 5.4 percent or by more than 2 million tons. Production in 1952 exceeded that of 1951 by 28.7 percent. The increase in production in 1952 over 1951 in major administrative areas was as follows: Northeast, 107.9 percent; North China, 102.9; East China, 101.7; Central-South China, 129.6; and Southwest China, 110 percent.

A great improvement has also been made in the field of mine cafety. The problem of ventilation has been basically solved, and a preliminary solution was found for the problem of mine scaffolding. Accidents from gas explosions and collapse of scaffolding have been reduced considerably. According to preliminary data, the number of deaths from accidents in coal mines were reduced by 75 percent in 1952 in comparison with the number in 1949.

The rate of coal production in 1952 has also seen a gradual increase. Using the 1949 production as a base, the production for the four quarters of 1952 was as follows: first quarter, 196; second quarter, 213; third quarter, 227; and fourth quarter, 260. The rate of increase in 1952 in the Northeast and the String has been 400 to 500 percent of the 1949 average. This resulted mainly from the study and application of the advanced Soviet technique of coal mining.

The organization of labor in state-operated coal mines has continued to improve. A large number of mine workers were moved out of production to study or to turn to basic construction work. In the Northeast, North Unina, and East China alone, there were thousands of coal mine workers who left production to go into various kinds of study in preparation for mobilizing a strong and a large force to work in national reconstruction and in opening new mines and coal fields.

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